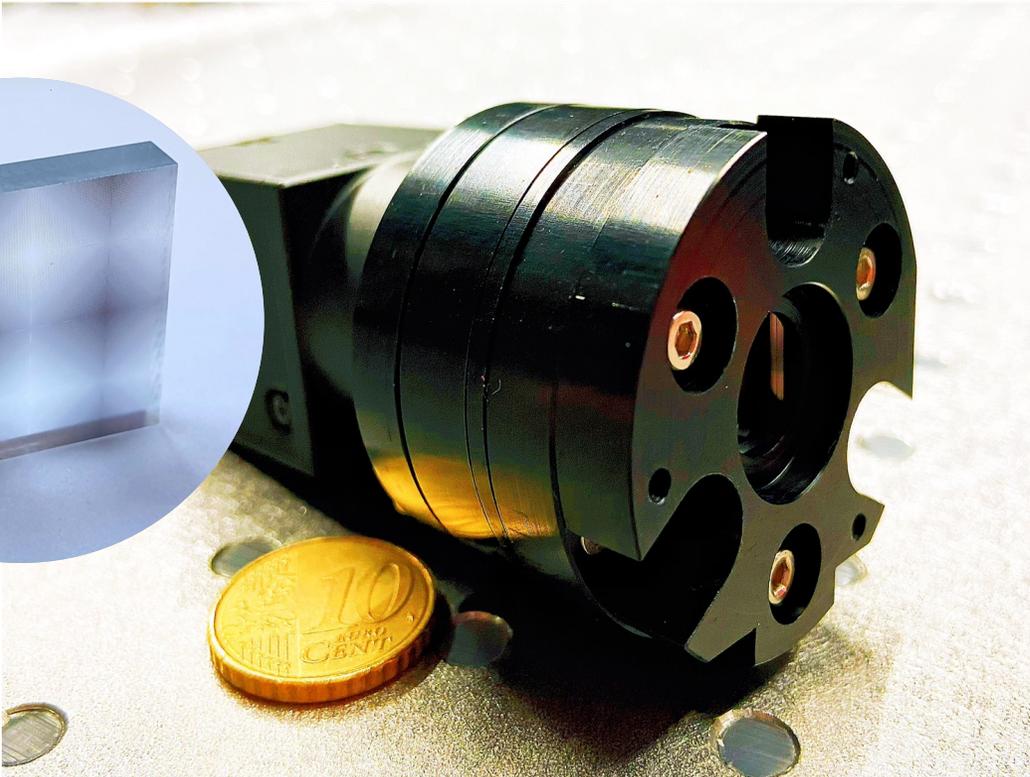


ASONG
optical surface
characterisation



Analyseur de Surface d'Onde de Nouvelle Génération

Crossed-Sine Wavefront Sensor
New Wavefront Sensing Technology

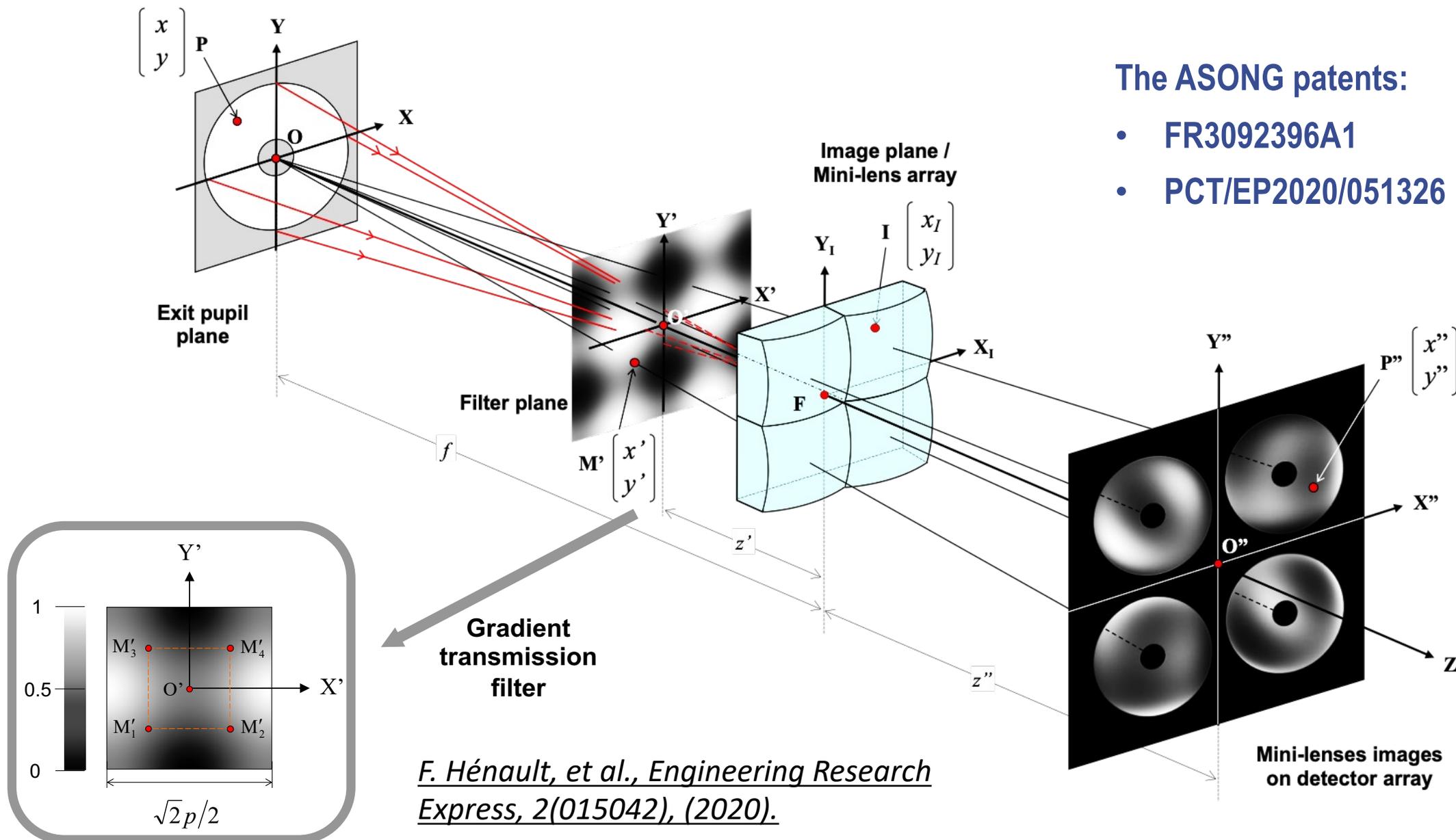
Yan FENG

19/10/2022

WAVEFRONT SENSING IN THE VLT/ELT ERA VII
Porto, Portugal

ASONG Concept

The pupil images of the tested optical system are formed on a detector array, enabling high spatial resolution of the measured wavefront errors.

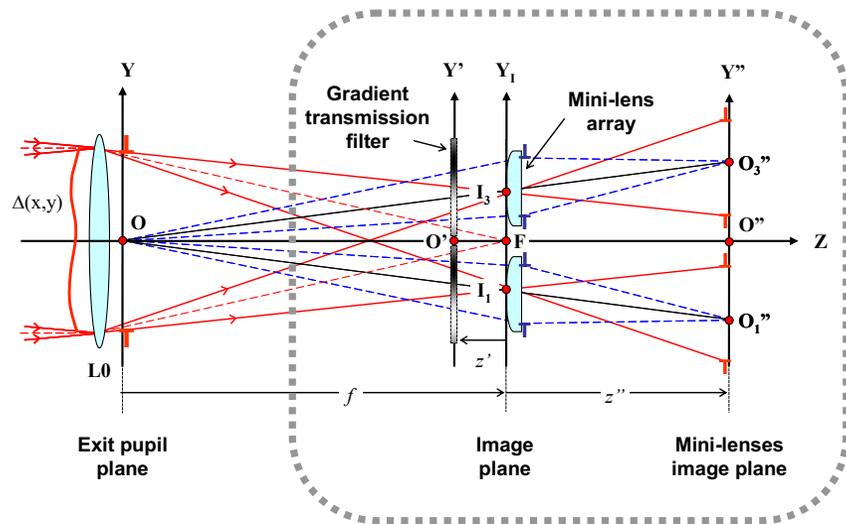


The ASONG patents:

- FR3092396A1
- PCT/EP2020/051326

F. Hénault, et al., Engineering Research Express, 2(015042), (2020).

Wavefront Reconstruction



1. Acquire 4 pupil images simultaneously;
2. Calculate wavefront x and y derivatives from the intensities of pupil images;
3. Convert the WFE slopes to a WFE map by an iterative Fourier method and modal reconstruction.

The WFS gain: g

$$g = 2\pi\sqrt{2}(f + z')/p$$

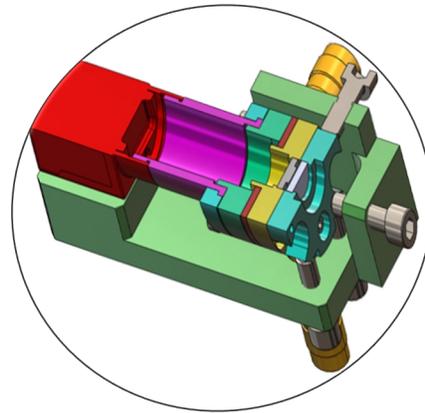
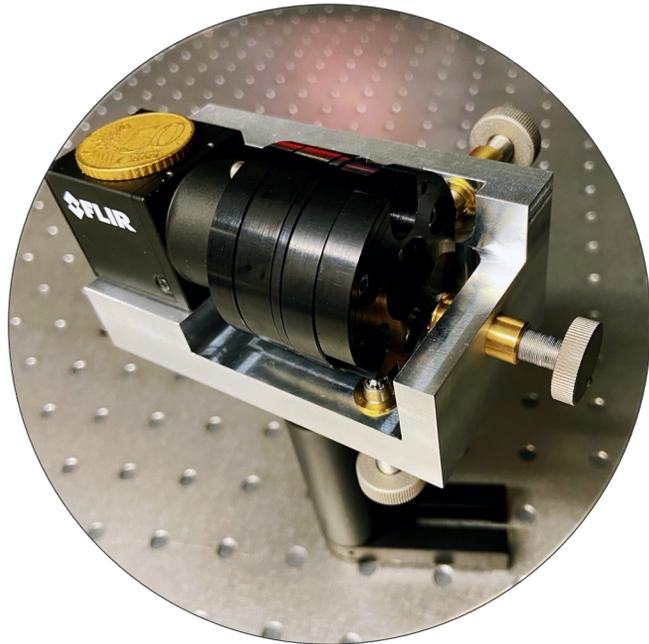
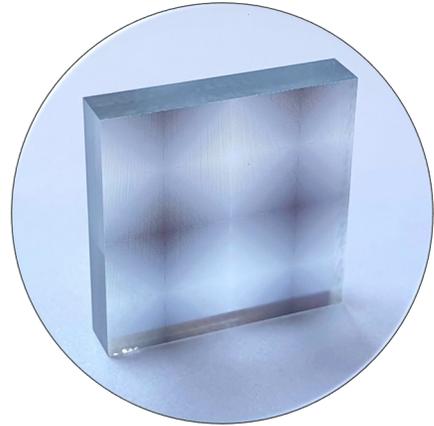
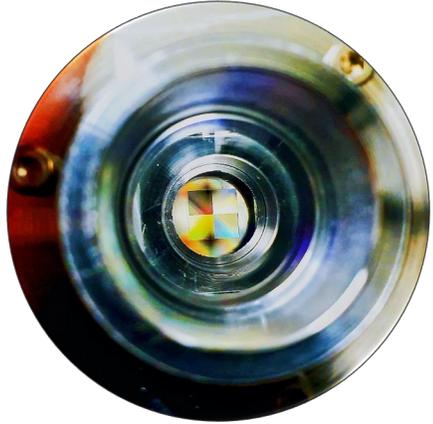
The contrast factor: $\cos \gamma$

$$\gamma = 4\pi\lambda \frac{z'(f + z')}{fp^2} \rightarrow 0$$

$$\frac{\partial \Delta}{\partial x}(x, y) = \frac{z'}{f(f + z')}x + \frac{1}{g} \arcsin \left(\frac{I_4''(x, y) - I_3''(x, y) + I_2''(x, y) - I_1''(x, y)}{\cos \gamma} \right)$$

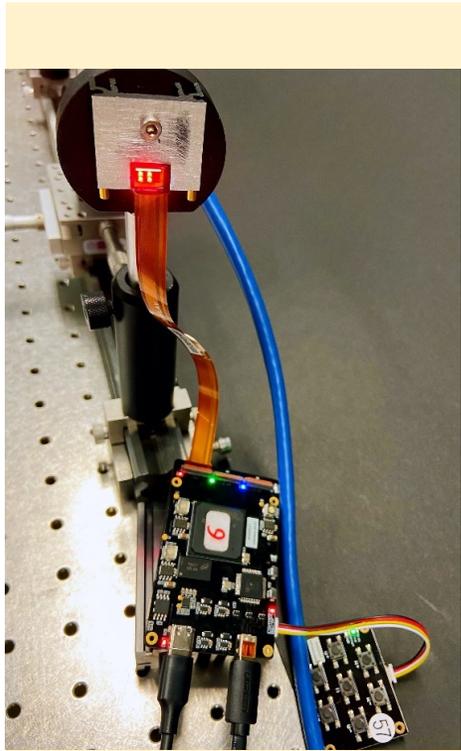
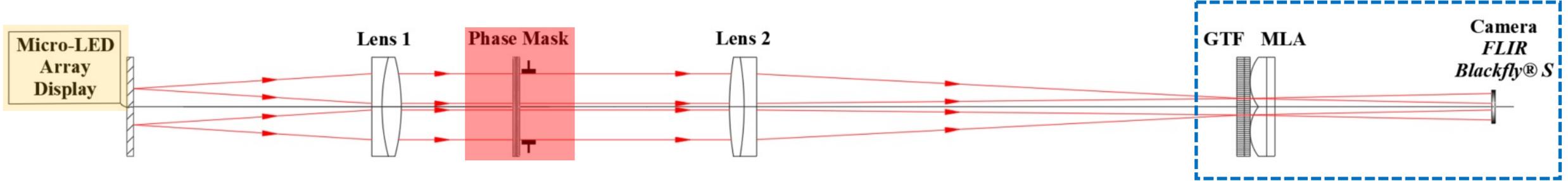
$$\frac{\partial \Delta}{\partial y}(x, y) = \frac{z'}{f(f + z')}y + \frac{1}{g} \arcsin \left(\frac{I_4''(x, y) + I_3''(x, y) - I_2''(x, y) - I_1''(x, y)}{\cos \gamma} \right);$$

ASONG Prototype



- Customized Optical Elements
 - A glass GTF (gradient transmission filter)
 - A PMMA MLA (mini-lens array)
- Small & Compact
 - **92 x 52 x 40 mm³** including the alignment tool
 - The GTF and MLA can be adjusted in **focus, centering and rotation**
- Implemented in an optical system

Implementation in the Lab _ASONG Prototype



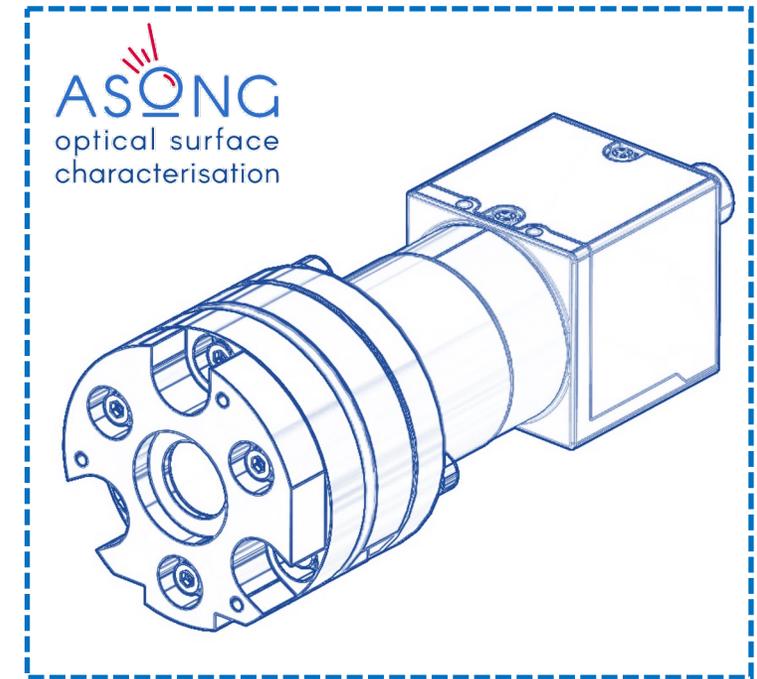
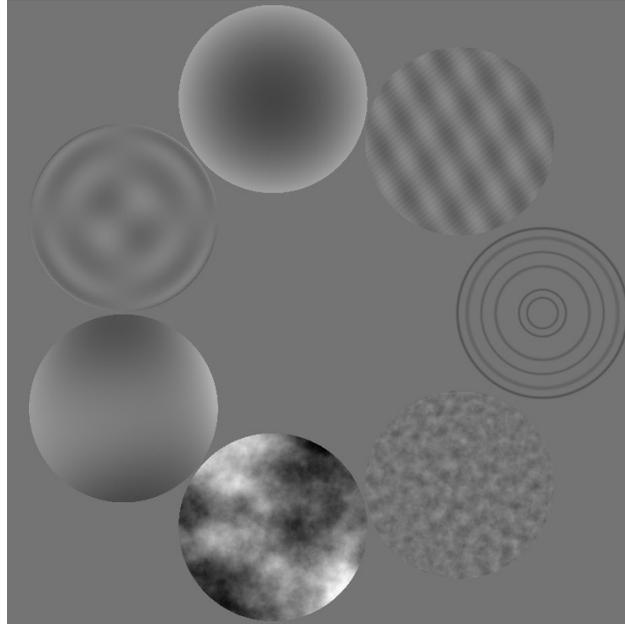
The **input** image
@ Micro-LED Array



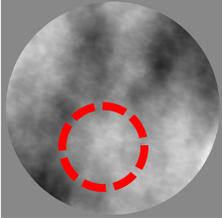
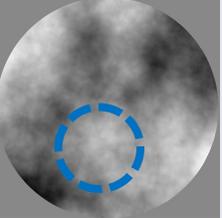
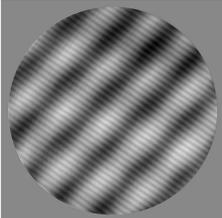
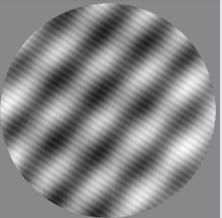
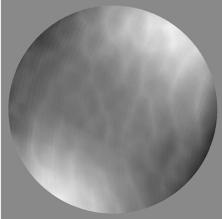
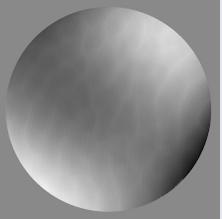
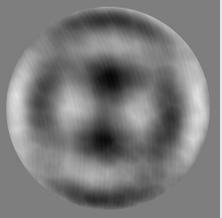
The **output** image
@ FLIR Camera

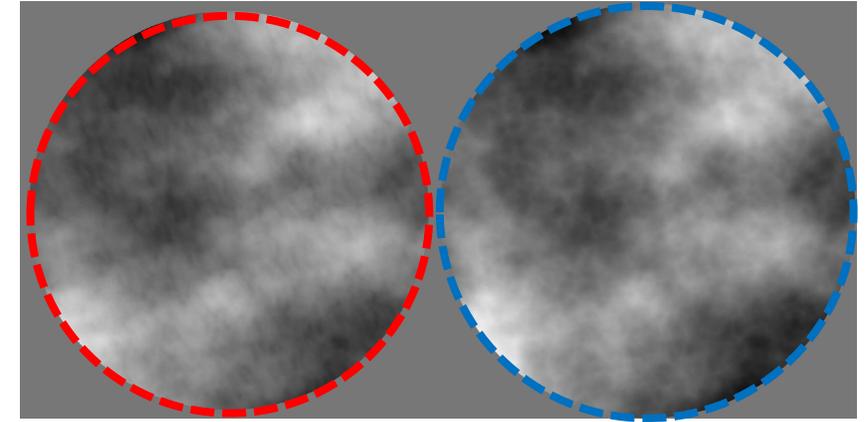


The Phase Masks

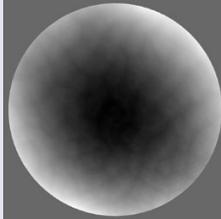
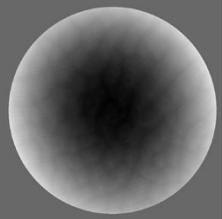
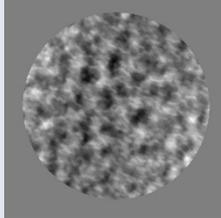
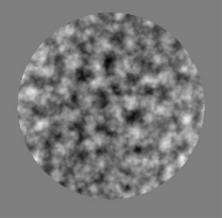


ASONG Measurements - Reconstructed WFE of Phase Masks_1

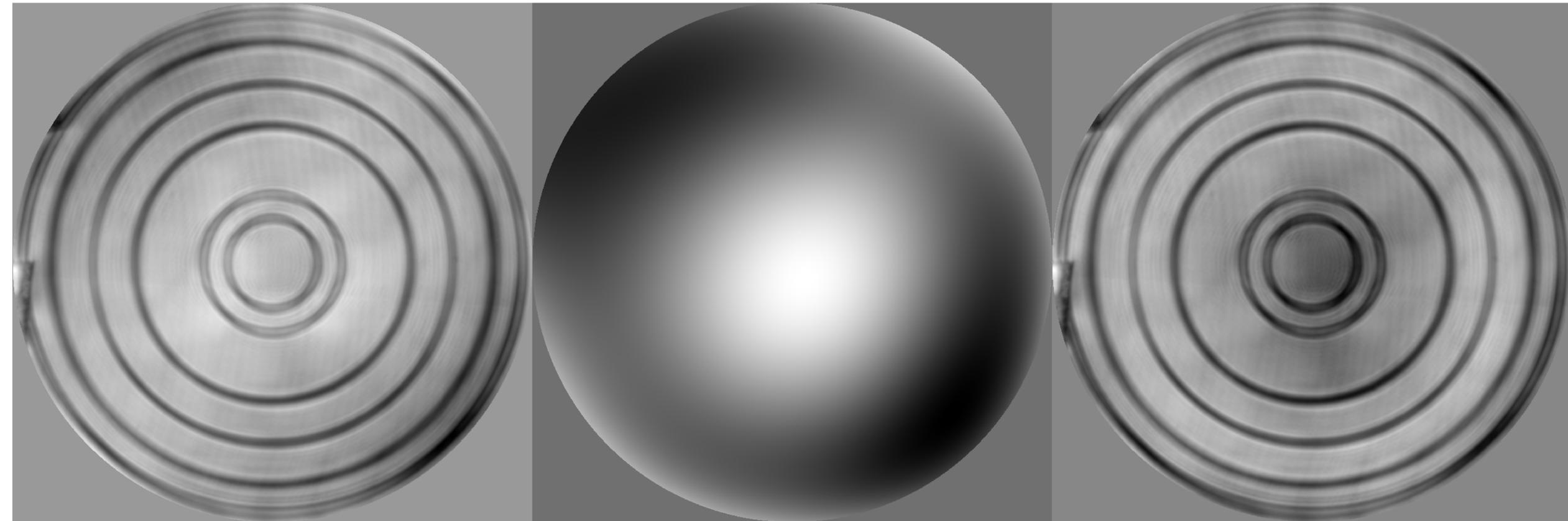
	ASONG	Interferometer	WFE (μm)	
			RMS	PTV
Atmosphere			1.2	6.6
Sinus			0.3	1.4
Eye			0.7	3.9
Zernike 55			0.3	1.7



Zoom-in images have similar resolution!

Defocus			0.9	3.6
Residual			0.2	1.4

ASONG Measurements - Reconstructed WFE of Phase Masks_2



Reconstructed Wavefront Roddier & Roddier

WFE RMS = $0.159938 \mu\text{m}$

WFE PtV = $1.08049 \mu\text{m}$

Modal Wavefront (first 20 modes)

WFE RMS = $0.12979862 \mu\text{m}$

WFE PtV = $0.56259562 \mu\text{m}$

Difference

WFE RMS = $0.13973864 \mu\text{m}$

WFE PtV = $0.96322488 \mu\text{m}$



ASONG Specifications

Parameter	Definition / Remark	Value (existing prototype*)
Spatial Resolution	Pupil size / Number of pupil pixel sampling	25 μm
Accuracy	Closeness of the measurements to the 'true' value	$\lambda/200$
Sensitivity	The smallest WFE RMS detectable	$\lambda/500$
Repeatability	RMS of multiple sets of measurements dispersion	$\lambda/500$
Dynamic Range	Width of WFE RMS linear range	20 λ defocus
Phase Point Resolution	Pupil pixel sampling	1000 \times 1000
Wavelength	Broadband spectral range : visual and near infrared	633 nm (current)
Compact Equipment	Volume in which the device is contained	92 \times 52 \times 40 mm ³

* L. Schreiber, et al., Proc. SPIE, 12188-125, 2022.

Applications

ADAPTIVE OPTICS



METROLOGY



OPHTHALMOLOGY



- ✓ High Spatial Resolution
- ✓ High Accuracy
- ✓ Quasi-Achromaticity
- ✓ Compact & User-Friendly

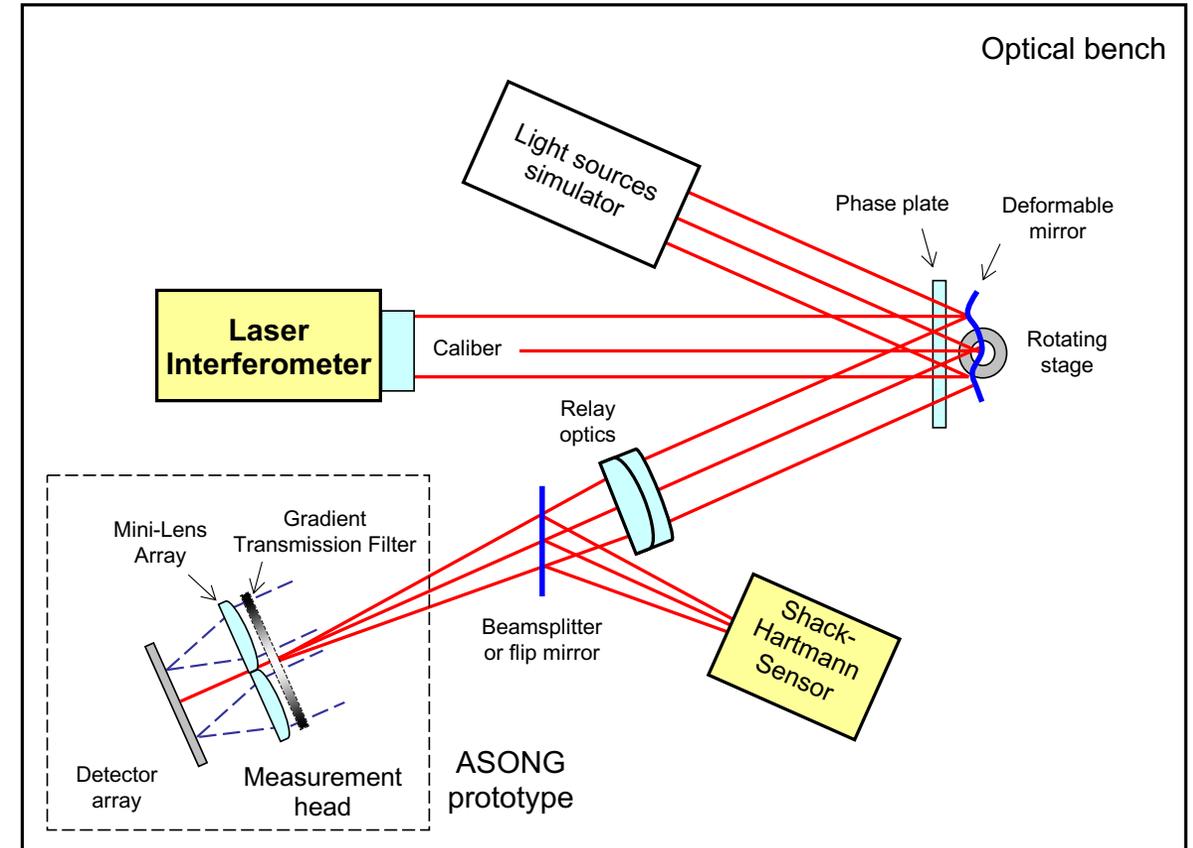
Trade-Off Table between ASONG and Other Popular WFSs

Advantages	TYPE OF SENSORS			
	Shack Hartmann	 ASONG optical surface characterisation	Pyramid	Fizeau Interferometer
High spatial resolution	*	***	***	***
High measurement accuracy	**	***	***	***
High dynamics	***	**	*	*
Ability to work with extended sources	**	**	**	*
Ability to work with broadband spectral sources	**	**	**	0
Robustness to environments vibrations	**	**	*	*
Simplicity of the concept	**	**	**	0
Optomechanical simplicity	**	**	*	0

TYPE OF APPLICATIONS	TYPE OF SENSORS			
	Shack Hartmann	 ASONG optical surface characterisation	Pyramid	Fizeau Interferometer
Ophthalmology	***	***	**	0
Optics Metrology	**	***	*	***
Astronomy / Adaptive Optics	***	**	***	*

The ASONG prototype is available for tests

- Explore the ASONG performance under various working conditions;
- Quantitatively compare with other wavefront sensors, i.e. SH WFS and pyramid WFS;
- Investigate possible application(s) in astronomy.
- Looking for industrial partners





Yan FENG



François HÉNAULT



David MOUILLET



Jean-Jacques CORREIA



Laura SCHREIBER



Alain SPANG



ASONG

optical surface
characterisation

Thank You



YAN FENG



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<https://www.linksium.fr/en/projects/asong>

ASONG Measurements - Reconstructed WFE of Phase Masks_3



Kolmogorov

Residual

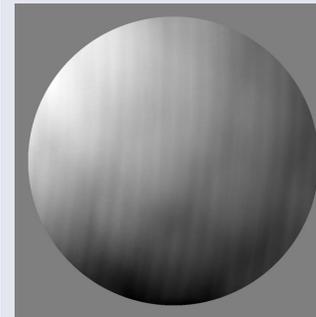
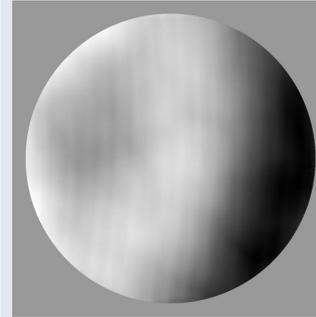
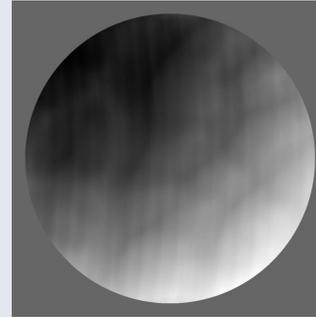
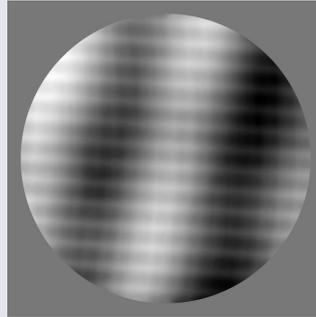
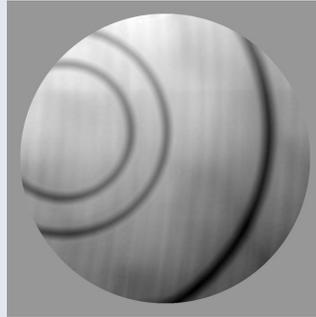
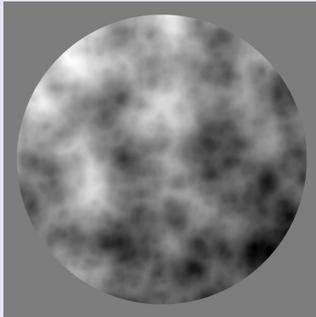
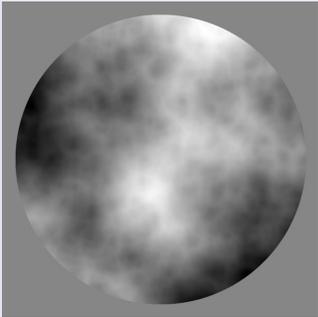
Ripples

Sinus

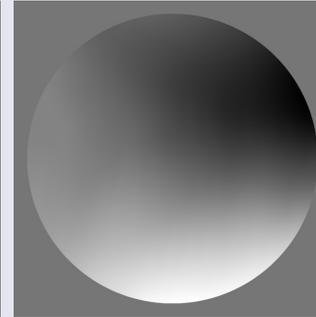
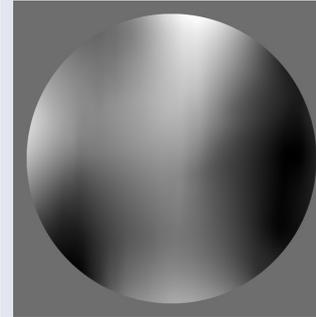
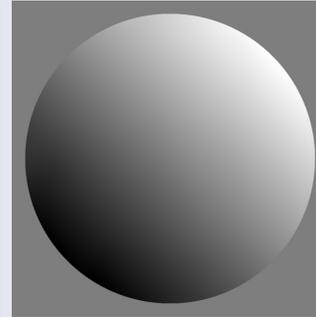
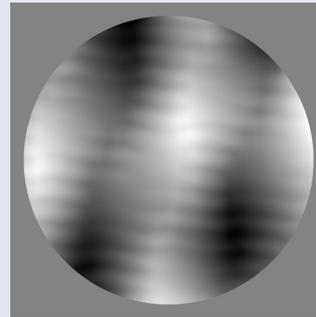
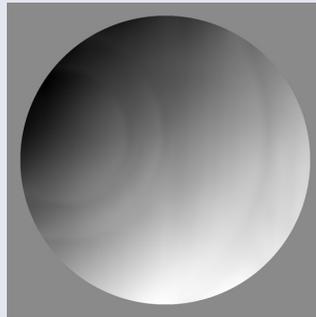
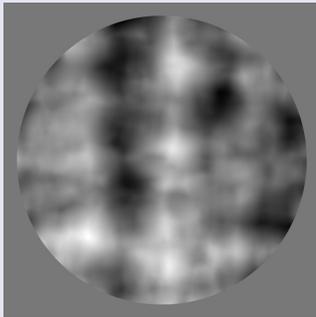
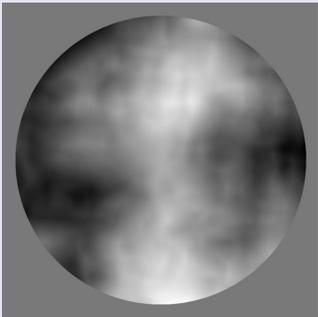
Defocus

Zernike55

Eye



Static Pyramid



Original Mask Design

